(CBOs)" was taken up during Fresh Water Year, 2003-04. Based on its success, more girls rural Government schools have been covered with roof top rain water harvesting projects. during 2005--07.

(xi) A demonstrative scheme on "Rain Water Harvesting and Artificial Recharge to Ground Water" is being implemented in 13 identified areas of the States of Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh and Tamil Nadu at a total cost of Rs. 12 crores during the year 2006-07.

(xii) The Department of Land Resources under Ministry of Rural Development is implementing rain water harvesting by construction of various types of structures under their Area Development Programmes.

(xiii) National Watershed Development Project for Rainfed Areas being implement in 28 States and 2 Union Territories, Soil and Water Conservation for treatment of Catchment areas in 27 States and Watershed Development Project in Shifting Cultivation Area in all the states of North-eastern region being implemented by Ministry of Agriculture have rain water harvesting as one of the components.

Survey by Shunglu Committee on Sardar Sarovar Dam Height

1635. SHRI MOINUL HASSAN: Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state the reasons for the Shunglu Committee has been asked to survey Madhya Pradesh barring Gujarat and Maharashtra when both the States have villages that are affected by the Sardar Sarovar Dam, that have already undergone submergence and displacemnt and will also be affected by arise in dam height to 121.92 metres?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (PROF. SAIF-UD-DIN SOZ): The Narmada Control Authority gave permission to raise the height of the Sardar Sarovar Dam from EL 110.64 m to EL 121.92 m in the 76th Emergency meeting held on 8.3.2006 after following the procedure laid down in the Narmada Water Disputes Tribunal Award and Hon'ble Supreme Court order dated 18th October, 2000 and 15th March, 2005.

However, in view of the apprehensions expressed from different quarters and the continued agitation of the Narmada Bachao Andolan against the decision of the Narmada Control Authority according permission to raise the height of Sardar Sarovar Dam from EL 110.64 m to EL 121.92 m, the Hon'ble Prime Minister deputed a Group of Union Ministers to examine the ground situation in the submergence area of the project and the rehabilitation sites in Madhya Pradesh on 6-7th April, 2006.

A meeting of the Review Committee of Narmada Control Authority was held on 15th April, 2006 to review the decision taken by the NCA in its meeting on 8th March, 2006 for according permission to raise the height of the Sardar Sarovar Dam in view of the report of the Group of Ministers. As no consensus could be arrived at on the matters discussed in the meeting, the matter was reported to the Hon'ble Prime Minster. The Hon'ble Prime Minister, in response to the reference made by the Hon'ble Minister (WR) and observations of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in its Order dated 17th April, 2006, decided to constitute Sardar Sarovar Project Resettlement & Rehabilitation Oversight Group (OSG) headed by Shri V.K. Shunglu to verify the status of rehabilitation in Madhya Pradesh of the families affected by raising the height of the dam from EL 110.64 m to EL 121.92 m as per the approved design. The OSG has investigated the matter and submitted its report as per the terms of reference to the Hon'ble Minister (WR) on 3rd July, 2006. The Hon'ble Minister (WR) submitted the Report to the Hon'ble Prime Minister on 3rd July, 2006. The decision taken by the Hon'ble Prime Minister on 8th July, 2006 on the Report of OSG was filed in the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India along with the Report of the OSG on 10th July, 2006, as per the direction of the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in its Order dated 8th May, 2006 in the matter of Civil Writ Petition No. 328 of 2002.

Rehabilitation in Narmada Valley

1636. SHRI MOINUL HASSAN:Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Group of Ministers have already submitted a report to him on the failure of rehabilitation in the Narmada valley;